Child Maltreatment, Trauma and Self Injurious Behavior

1) Holtz was one of the first to document emotional neglect in the mid ____ in his manuscript, The Diseases of Infancy and Childhood.
   a) 1930’s  
   b) 1950’s  
   c) 1970’s  
   d) 1990’s  

2) Ronan and colleagues (2009) did a comparative analysis of lifetime prevalence rates for maltreatment in the United States, United Kingdom and New Zealand. The researchers found comparable prevalence rates among these locations with an average prevalence for sexual abuse around
   a) 5%  
   b) 10%  
   c) 15%  
   d) 20%  

3) The Fourth National Incidence Study of Abuse and Neglect found ____ and ____ have surfaced as the most prevalent forms of maltreatment of children within the United States.
   a) physical abuse, emotional neglect  
   b) emotional neglect, sexual abuse  
   c) sexual abuse, emotional abuse  
   d) emotional abuse, physical abuse  

4) It has been estimated that about ____ of shaken babies die as a result of their injuries.
   a) one-fifth  
   b) one-fourth  
   c) one-third  
   d) one-half  

5) Research has shown that at least one third of all children who are sexually abused will go on to develop
   a) Major Depression  
   b) PTSD  
   c) Personality Disorders  
   d) Self-harm behaviors  

6) Which is the one form of abuse that is the least well defined?
   a) Physical abuse  
   b) Sexual abuse  
   c) Neglect  
   d) Emotional abuse
7) Compared to their peers, children with disabilities are ____ times more likely to be sexually abused.
   a) 2
   b) 3
   c) 4
   d) 5

8) As high as ____ of cases of child maltreatment involve parent substance abuse.
   a) 20%
   b) 40%
   c) 60%
   d) 80%

9) Which category of self injury involves infrequent but significant acts of self mutilation that may accompany a psychotic break?
   a) Stereotypic
   b) Major
   c) Impulsive
   d) Compulsive

10) Acceptance and Commitment Therapy (ACT) involves ____ as a process.
    a) Cognitive Behavioral Therapy
    b) Mindfulness
    c) Psychodynamic Therapy
    d) Humanistic Therapy